

Kalkulus I.

Járai Antal

Ezek a programok csak szemléltetésre szolgálnak

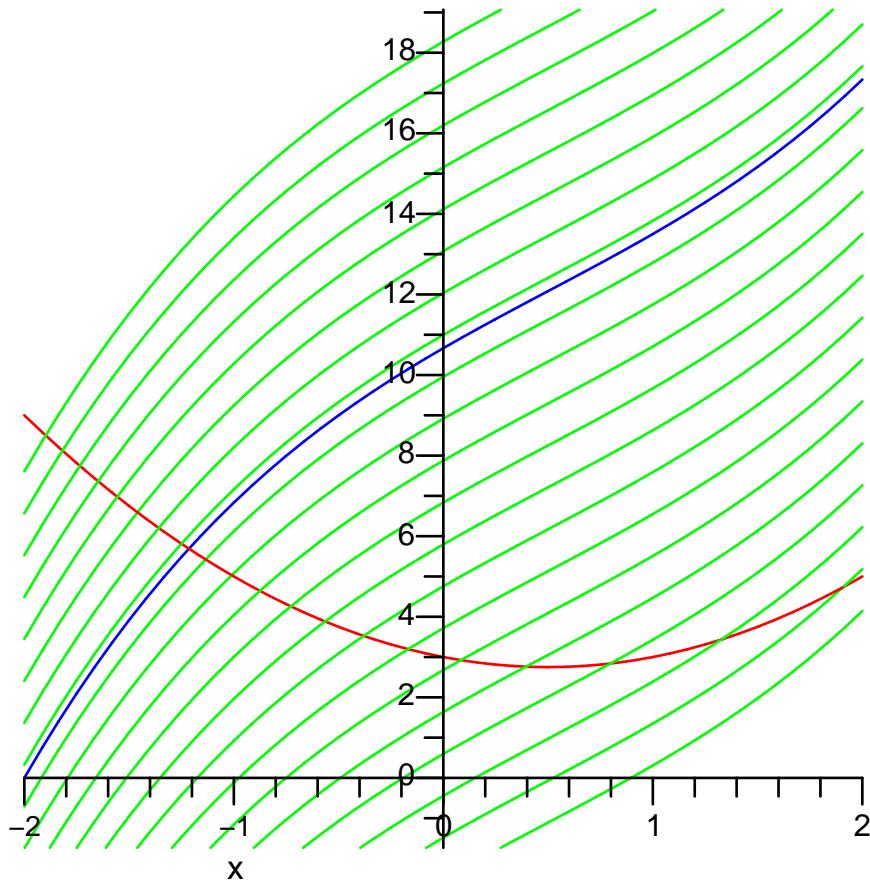
- 1. Halmazok
- 2. Számok
- 3. Határérték
- 4. Differenciáliszámítás
- ▼ 5. Integráliszámítás

[> restart;

▼ 5.1. Primitív függvények

▼ 5.1.1. Primitív függvény.

```
> int(cos(x),x); int(x/(x^3-1),x);
                                         sin(x)
- $\frac{1}{6} \ln(x^2 + x + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} (2x + 1)\sqrt{3}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \ln(x - 1)$  (5.1.1.1)
> Student[Calculus1][AntiderivativeTutor]();
```



- 5.1.2. Tagonkénti integrálás határozatlan integrálokra.
- 5.1.3. Parciális integrálás határozatlan integrálokra.
- 5.1.4. Helyettesítéses integrálás határozatlan integrálokra.
- 5.1.5. Megjegyzés.
- 5.1.6. Tétel.
- ▼ 5.1.7. Alapintegrálok.

$$> \text{int}(x^n, x); \quad \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \quad (5.1.7.1)$$

$$> \text{int}(1/(1+x^2), x); \quad \arctan(x) \quad (5.1.7.2)$$

$$> \text{int}(\exp(x), x); \quad e^x \quad (5.1.7.3)$$

<code>> int(sin(x),x);</code>	$-\cos(x)$	(5.1.7.4)
<code>> int(cos(x),x);</code>	$\sin(x)$	(5.1.7.5)
<code>> int(sinh(x),x);</code>	$\cosh(x)$	(5.1.7.6)
<code>> int(cosh(x),x);</code>	$\sinh(x)$	(5.1.7.7)
<code>> int(1/cosh(x)^2,x);</code>	$\frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$	(5.1.7.8)
<code>> int(x^n,x);</code>	$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$	(5.1.7.9)
<code>> int(1/x,x);</code>	$\ln(x)$	(5.1.7.10)
<code>> int(1/sinh(x)^2,x);</code>	$-\frac{\cosh(x)}{\sinh(x)}$	(5.1.7.11)
<code>> int(x^n,x);</code>	$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$	(5.1.7.12)
<code>> int(1/sqrt(1-x^2),x);</code>	$\arcsin(x)$	(5.1.7.13)
<code>> int(1/sin(x)^2,x);</code>	$-\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}$	(5.1.7.14)
<code>> int(1/cos(x)^2,x);</code>	$\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$	(5.1.7.15)

► 5.1.8. Megjegyzés.

▼ 5.1.9. Példák.

<code>> Student[Calculus1][IntTutor]();</code>	$\int \sin(x)^2 dx$	(5.1.9.1)
---	---------------------	-----------

► 5.1.10. Tétel.

▼ 5.1.11. Elemi integrálható függvények.

```

> int(exp(x^2),x); int(cos(x^2),x); int(sin(x^2),x); int(sin(x)/x,x);
int(cos(x)/x,x); int(exp(x)/x,x); int(sqrt(1+x^3),x); int(1/ln(x),x);

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{I}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(Ix)$$


$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)$$


$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Fresnels}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)$$


$$\operatorname{Si}(x)$$


$$\operatorname{Ci}(x)$$


$$-\operatorname{Ei}(1, -x)$$


$$\frac{2}{5} x \sqrt{1+x^3} + \frac{6}{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^3}} \left( \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3} \right) \right.$$


$$\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}}$$


$$\left. \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} I\sqrt{3}}}\right) \right)$$


$$-\operatorname{Ei}(1, -\ln(x))$$


```

(5.1.11.1)

▼ 5.1.12. Segédtétel.

```

> f:=x^3+1; g:=x^2-3; gcdex(f,g,x,'u','v'); f*u+g*v; expand(%);

$$f := 1 + x^3$$


$$g := x^2 - 3$$


$$1$$


$$(1 + x^3) \left(-\frac{1}{26} + \frac{3}{26} x\right) + (x^2 - 3) \left(-\frac{9}{26} - \frac{3}{26} x^2 + \frac{1}{26} x\right)$$


```

1

(5.1.12.1)

▼ 5.1.13. Parciális törtekre bontás tétele.

```
> convert(x^2/(x^3+1),parfrac,x);
```

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{2x-1}{x^2-x+1} + \frac{1}{3(x+1)}$$
(5.1.13.1)

► 5.1.14. Racionális törtfüggvények integrálása.

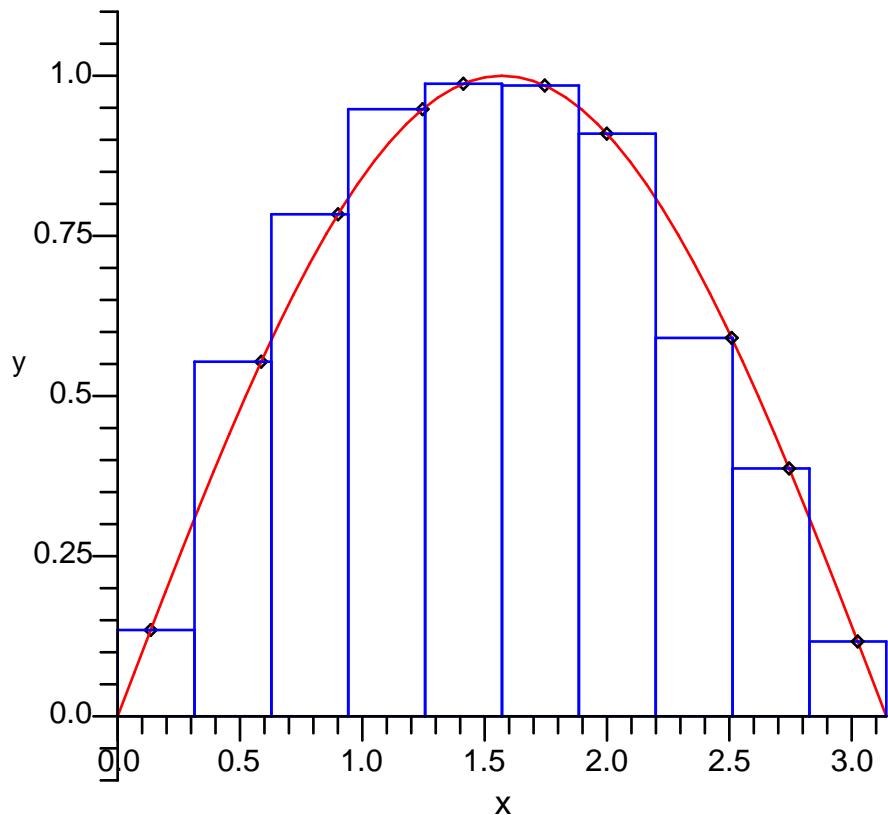
► 5.1.15. Racionális törtfüggvények integrálására visszavezethető integrálok.

▼ 5.2. Határozott integrál

```
> restart;
```

▼ 5.2.1. Definíció.

```
> Student[Calculus1][ApproximateIntTutor]();
```



- 5.2.2. Tétel.
- 5.2.3. Tétel: az integrál egyértelműsége.
- 5.2.4. Tétel: komplex értékű függvények integrálja.
- 5.2.5. Tétel: az integrál linearitása.
- 5.2.6. Tétel: az integrál nemnegativitása.
- *5.2.7. Tétel: Cauchy-kritérium.
- *5.2.8. Segédtétel.
- ▼ 5.2.9. Tétel: az integrál intervallum-additivitása.

```
> Student[Calculus1][IntTutor](x^3, x=0..3);
```

$$\int_0^3 x^3 \, dx = \int_0^2 x^3 \, dx + \int_2^3 x^3 \, dx$$

(5.2.9.1)

- 5.2.10. Definíció.

- 5.2.11. Nullahalmazok.
- 5.2.12. Lebesgue-feltétel.
- 5.2.13. Következmény.
- 5.2.14. Tétel.
- 5.2.15. Megjegyzés.
- 5.2.16. Az integrál, mint a felső határ függvénye.
- 5.2.17. Következmény.
- ▼ 5.2.18. Newton-Leibniz-formula.

```
> Student[Calculus1][IntTutor](sin(x)^2, x=0..Pi);
```

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(x)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \pi$$

(5.2.18.1)

▼ 5.2.19. Parciális integrálás határozott integrálokra.

```
> Student[Calculus1][IntTutor](x*exp(x), x=-1..1);
```

$$\int_{-1}^1 x e^x dx = 2 e^{-1}$$

(5.2.19.1)

▼ 5.2.20. Helyettesítéses integrálás határozott integrálokra.

```
> Student[Calculus1][IntTutor](1/(1+cos(x)), x=-Pi/2..Pi/2);
```

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \frac{1}{1 + \cos(x)} dx = 2$$

(5.2.20.1)

▼ 5.2.21. Tétel.

```
> int(1/sqrt(x), x=0..1);
```

$$2$$

(5.2.21.1)

▼ 5.2.22. Példák.

```
> int(x^a, x=0..1) assuming a<0 and -1<a; int(x^a, x=0..1)
assuming a<=-1;
```

$$\frac{1}{a+1}$$

∞ (5.2.22.1)

> int(1/x,x=-1..1); *undefined* (5.2.22.2)

- 5.2.23. Megjegyzés.
- 5.2.24. Abszolút integrálható függvények.
- 5.2.25. Tétel.
- 5.2.26. Impropius integrál.
- ▼ 5.2.27. Példák.

> int(x^a,x=1..infinity) assuming a<-1;

$$-\frac{1}{a+1}$$
 (5.2.27.1)

> int(x^a,x=1..infinity) assuming a>=-1;

$$\infty$$
 (5.2.27.2)

> int(exp(a*x),x=0..infinity) assuming a<0;

$$-\frac{1}{a}$$
 (5.2.27.3)

> int(exp(a*x),x=0..infinity) assuming a>=0;

$$\infty$$
 (5.2.27.4)

- 5.2.28. Tétel.
- 5.2.29. További impropius integrálok.

▼ 5.3. Alkalmazások

> restart;

- 5.3.1. Végtelen kicsinyek.
- ▼ 5.3.2. Görbe hossza, heurisztikusan.

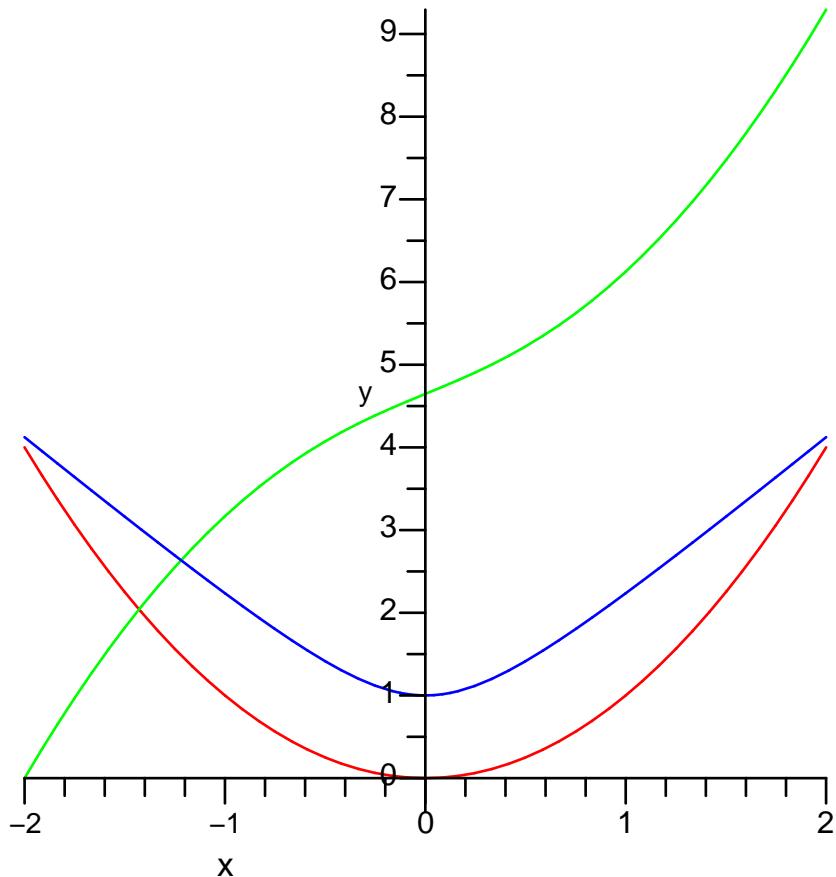
> z:=exp(I*t); $zp:=\text{diff}(z,t); \int \text{evalc}(\text{abs}(zp)), t=0..2\pi;$

$$z := e^{It}$$

$$zp := I e^{It}$$

$$2\pi$$
 (5.3.2.1)

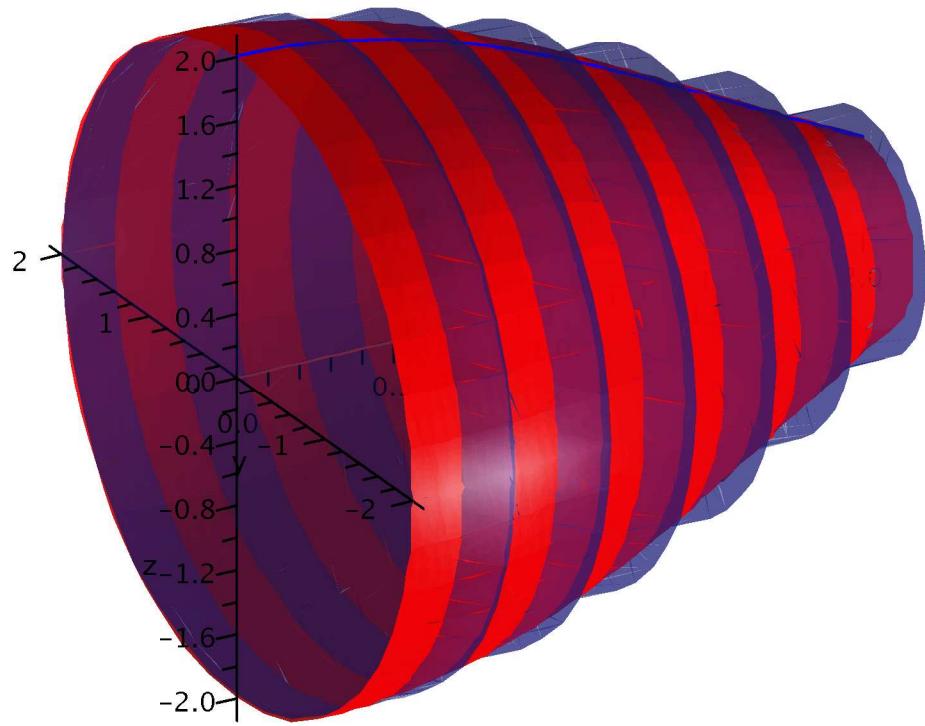
> Student[Calculus1][ArcLengthTutor]();



► 5.3.3. Polárkoordinákkal adott szektor területe,
heurisztikusan.

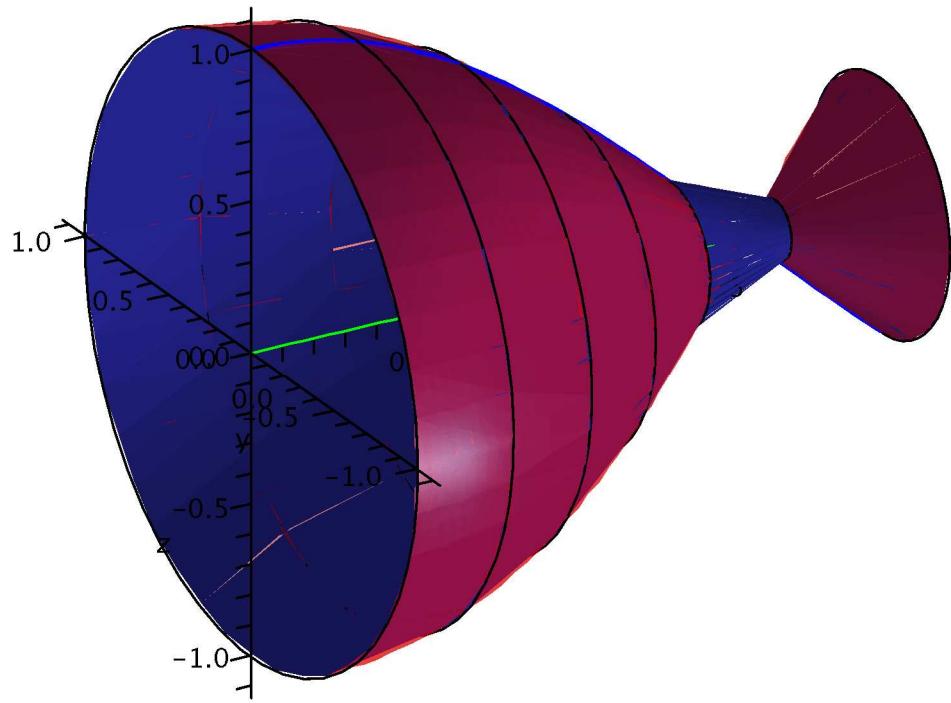
▼ 5.3.4. Forgátest térfogata, heurisztikusan.

> **Student[Calculus1][VolumeOfRevolutionTutor]();**



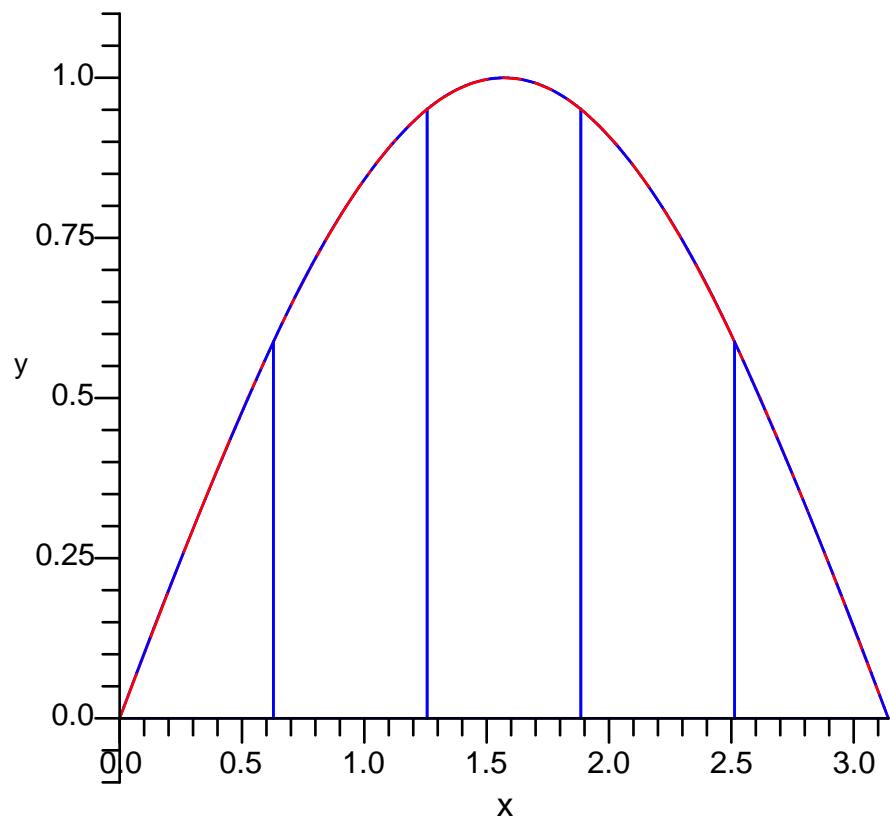
▼ 5.3.5. Forgátest felszíne, heurisztikusan.

> **Student[Calculus1][SurfaceOfRevolutionTutor]();**



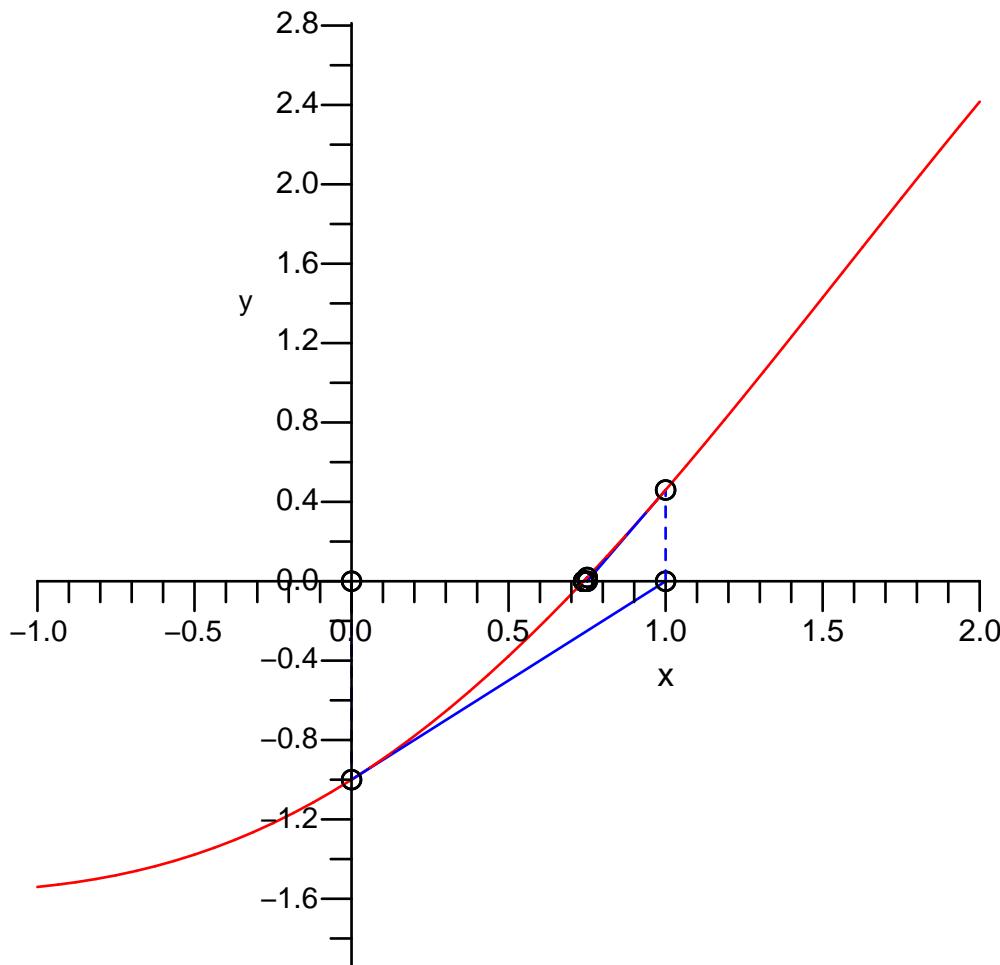
- ▶ 5.3.6. Tömeg, tömegközéppont, tehetetlenségi nyomaték.
- ▼ 5.3.7. Közelítő számítások.

> **Student[Calculus1][ApproximateIntTutor]();**



▼ 5.3.8. Newton-módszer.

> `Student[Calculus1][NewtonsMethodTutor](x-cos(x),0);`



```

> relaxnewton:=proc(f::procedure,fp::procedure,x0,epsilon)
local x,xx,t; x:=x0; t:=1.; print(x,t,f(x),abs(f(x)));
do if abs(f(x))<epsilon then return(x) fi;
t:=1.;
do xx:=x-t*f(x)/fp(x); print(xx,t,f(xx),abs(f(xx)));
if abs(f(xx))<abs(f(x)) then break else t:=t/2 fi;
od; x:=xx; od; end;

relaxnewton(z->z^5-z+3,z->5*z^4-1,3.+10.*I,0.0000001);

relaxnewton(z->z^5-z+3,z->5*z^4-1,(1/5.)^(1/4)+0.01,
0.0000001);

relaxnewton:= proc(f::procedure, fp::procedure, x0, ε)
local x, xx, t;
x := x0;
t := 1;
print(x, t, f(x), abs(f(x)));

```

```

do
  ifabs( $f(x)$ ) <  $\varepsilon$  then
    return  $x$ 
  end if;
   $t := 1;$ 
  do
     $xx := x - t * f(x) / fp(x);$ 
    print( $xx, t, f(xx), \text{abs}(f(xx))$ );
    ifabs( $f(xx)$ ) < abs( $f(x)$ ) then
      break
    else
       $t := 1 / 2 * t$ 
    end if
  end do;
   $x := xx$ 
end do
end proc

```

$3. + 10. I, 1., 1.23243 \cdot 10^5 + 14040. I, 1.240401493 \cdot 10^5$
 $2.399872243 + 8.000043773 I, 1., 40384.62044 + 4599.180768 I,$
 40645.66437
 $1.919638552 + 6.400097857 I, 1., 13233.67341 + 1505.902344 I,$
 13319.07856
 $1.535180765 + 5.120145726 I, 1., 4336.920528 + 492.5281458 I,$
 4364.798236
 $1.227051191 + 4.096113408 I, 1., 1421.688163 + 160.6504428 I,$
 1430.736103
 $0.9793624175 + 3.276555586 I, 1., 466.4696379 + 52.04789824 I,$
 469.3643646
 $0.7786832399 + 2.619787728 I, 1., 153.5006812 + 16.57703671 I,$
 154.3931905
 $0.6126365287 + 2.091022469 I, 1., 50.98085391 + 5.042396308 I,$
 51.22961278
 $0.4673540873 + 1.658543942 I, 1., 17.42867285 + 1.321921898 I,$
 17.47873322
 $0.3202538500 + 1.285961515 I, 1., 6.518954023 + 0.117325617 I,$
 6.520009728
 $0.1022977568 + 0.9060193817 I, 1., 3.233581963 - 0.3728503660 I,$
 3.255006867

$-0.9977750502 + 0.3000912412 \text{I}, 1.,$
 $3.862941208 + 0.9204442098 \text{I}, 3.971087045$
 $-0.4477386469 + 0.6030553114 \text{I}, 0.5000000000,$
 $3.460083711 - 0.8417804237 \text{I}, 3.561007381$
 $-0.1727204450 + 0.7545373466 \text{I}, 0.2500000000,$
 $2.921980382 - 0.6347627568 \text{I}, 2.990132624$
 $0.1060046936 + 2.855401862 \text{I}, 1., 38.03105906 + 184.3477905 \text{I},$
 188.2298311
 $-0.0333578757 + 1.804969604 \text{I}, 0.5000000000,$
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 $-0.1030391604 + 1.279753475 \text{I}, 0.2500000000,$
 $1.739041227 + 1.931106675 \text{I}, 2.598737651$
 $-0.2843003719 + 1.182761857 \text{I}, 1., 0.8220340289 - 0.166825940 \text{I},$
 0.8387912964
 $-0.3118996189 + 1.258603280 \text{I}, 1.,$
 $-0.1236837561 + 0.019656712 \text{I}, 0.1252360086$
 $-0.3084767808 + 1.250051687 \text{I}, 1.,$
 $-0.0018307092 + 0.000149634 \text{I}, 0.001836814228$
 $-0.3084151213 + 1.249926939 \text{I}, 1., -4.087 \cdot 10^{-7} - 3.2 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{I},$
 $4.099508385 \cdot 10^{-7}$
 $-0.3084151033 + 1.249926914 \text{I}, 1., -2.7 \cdot 10^{-9} + 2.1 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{I},$
 $3.360059523 \cdot 10^{-9}$
 $-0.3084151033 + 1.249926914 \text{I}$
 $0.6787403050, 1., 2.465311331, 2.465311331$
 $-39.62452844, 1., -9.768330493 \cdot 10^7, 9.768330493 \cdot 10^7$
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 $0.6000229832, 0.001953125000, 2.477751911, 2.477751911$
 $0.6393816441, 0.0009765625000, 2.467474825, 2.467474825$
 $0.6590609746, 0.0004882812500, 2.465283926, 2.465283926$

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	11.53831965, 0.2500000000, $2.045006528 \cdot 10^5$, $2.045006528 \cdot 10^5$
	6.098690317, 0.1250000000, 8433.801381, 8433.801381
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	1.339014642, 0.01562500000, 5.965524190, 5.965524190
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	289.2363586, 0.5000000000, $2.024251297 \cdot 10^{12}$, $2.024251297 \cdot 10^{12}$
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	72.81010846, 0.1250000000, $2.046248505 \cdot 10^9$, $2.046248505 \cdot 10^9$
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	0.7032507206, 0.00006103515625, 2.468758184, 2.468758184
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	$4.312222394 \cdot 10^{13}$
	-266.2961872, 0.2500000000, $-1.339136173 \cdot 10^{12}$,
	$1.339136173 \cdot 10^{12}$
	-132.8135307, 0.1250000000, $-4.132488076 \cdot 10^{10}$,
	$4.132488076 \cdot 10^{10}$
	-66.07220241, 0.06250000000, $-1.259197619 \cdot 10^9$,
	$1.259197619 \cdot 10^9$
	-32.70153825, 0.03125000000, $-3.739732126 \cdot 10^7$,
	$3.739732126 \cdot 10^7$
	-16.01620618, 0.01562500000, $-1.053878194 \cdot 10^6$,
	$1.053878194 \cdot 10^6$
	-7.673540141, 0.007812500000, 26595.28111, 26595.28111
	-3.502207123, 0.003906250000, -520.3746648, 520.3746648
	-1.416540614, 0.001953125000, -1.287008084, 1.287008084

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1.349270566, 1., -0.122661857, 0.122661857 \\
 & -1.341393320, 1., -0.001515350, 0.001515350 \\
 & \quad -1.341293547, 1., -2.32 \cdot 10^{-7}, 2.32 \cdot 10^{-7} \\
 & \quad -1.341293532, 1., -5 \cdot 10^{-9}, 5 \cdot 10^{-9} \\
 & \quad -1.341293532
 \end{aligned} \tag{5.3.8.1}$$

▼ 5.3.9. Differenciálegyenletek.

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{de:=diff(y(x),x,x)=2*y(x)+1; dsolve(de);} \\
 & de := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = 2 y(x) + 1 \\
 & y(x) = e^{\sqrt{2} x} - C2 + e^{-\sqrt{2} x} - C1 - \frac{1}{2}
 \end{aligned} \tag{5.3.9.1}$$

▼ 5.3.10. Szeparábilisi differenciálegyenletek megoldása.

▼ 5.3.11. Elsőrendű lineáris differenciálegyenletek megoldása.

▼ *5.3.12. Variációs számítás.

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{with(VariationalCalculus); g:='g';} \\
 & [\text{ConjugateEquation, Convex, EulerLagrange, Jacobi, Weierstrass}] \\
 & g := g
 \end{aligned} \tag{5.3.12.1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{L:=g*rho*y(x)*sqrt(1+diff(y(x),x)^2);} \\
 & L := g \rho y(x) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}
 \end{aligned} \tag{5.3.12.2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{EulerLagrange(L,x,y(x)); simplify(%); %[2];} \\
 & \left\{ g \rho y(x) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} y(x) \right)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2 g \rho y(x)}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}} = K_1, \right. \\
 & \left. g \rho \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} y(x) \right)^2} - \frac{g \rho \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}}
 \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{g \rho y(x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right)}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2 \right)^{3/2}} - \frac{g \rho y(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right)}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}} \\
& \left\{ - \frac{g \rho \left(-1 - \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2 + y(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right) \right)}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2 \right)^{3/2}}, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{g \rho y(x)}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}} = K_1 \right\} \\
& \frac{g \rho y(x)}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)^2}} = K_1 \tag{5.3.12.3}
\end{aligned}$$

▼ *5.3.13. *Integrálkritérium.*

$$> \text{sum}(n^a, n=1..infinity) \text{ assuming } a < -1; \zeta(-a) \tag{5.3.13.1}$$