

# Modern alkalmazott analízis

Járai Antal

Ezek a programok csak szemléltetésre szolgálnak

## Bevezetés

### I. Mérték és integrál

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- ▶ 2. Integrálás

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#### V. Fourier–elmélet

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- ▼ 17. Ortogonális polinomok

##### ▼ \*17.26. Inverz interpoláció.

```

> x:='x'; fsolve(2*sin(x)=x,x);
      x:= x
      0.
                                                    (17.1.1)

> x:=1.; 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%);
2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin
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2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin
(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%);
2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin(%); 2*sin
2*sin(%);
      x:= 1.

```

1.682941970  
1.987436530  
1.828907553  
1.933747642  
1.869706154  
1.911316179  
1.885162348  
1.901985210  
1.891312851  
1.898145620  
1.893795924  
1.896575152  
1.894803507  
1.895934551  
1.895213162  
1.895673550  
1.895379846  
1.895567260  
1.895447689  
1.895523984  
1.895475305  
1.895506365  
1.895486548  
1.895499192  
1.895491125  
1.895496272  
1.895492988  
1.895495083  
1.895493746  
1.895494599  
1.895494055  
1.895494402

1.895494181  
1.895494322  
1.895494232  
1.895494289  
1.895494253  
1.895494276  
1.895494261  
1.895494271  
1.895494265  
1.895494268  
1.895494266  
1.895494268  
1.895494266  
1.895494268  
1.895494266

(17.1.2)

```
> halving:=proc(a,b,f::procedure,eps,feps,N) local aa,bb,ab,ff,
delta,n;
  if f(a)<0 then aa:=a; bb:=b; else aa:=b; bb:=a; fi;
  if f(a)*f(b)>0 then error "bad interval" fi;
  delta:=abs(a-b);
  for n to N do
    ab:=(aa+bb)/2.;
    delta:=delta/2.;
    ff:=f(ab);
    if abs(ff)<feps and delta<eps then return ab fi;
    if ff<0 then aa:=ab else bb:=ab fi;
  od;
  FAIL;
end;
```

*halving* := **proc**(*a*, *b*, *f*::*procedure*, *eps*, *feps*, *N*) (17.1.3)

```
local aa, bb, ab, ff,  $\delta$ , n;
if  $f(a) < 0$  then
  aa := a;
  bb := b
else
  aa := b;
  bb := a
```

```

end if;
if 0 < f(a)*f(b) then
    error "bad interval"
end if;
δ := abs(a - b);
for n to N do
    ab := (aa + bb) / 2.;
    δ := δ / 2.;
    ff := f(ab);
    if abs(ff) < feps and δ < eps then
        return ab
    end if;
    if ff < 0 then
        aa := ab
    else
        bb := ab
    end if
end do;
FAIL

```

end proc

```
> halving(-1,1,x->x^2,1,1,10);
```

```
Error, (in halving) bad interval
```

```
> halving(1.,2.,x->2*sin(x)-x,0.000001,100,10);
```

```
FAIL
```

(17.1.4)

```
> debug(halving); halving(1.,2.,x->2*sin(x)-x,0.000001,100,20);
halving
```

```
{--> enter halving, args = 1., 2., proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, 0.1e-5, 100, 20
```

```
aa:= 2.
```

```
bb:= 1.
```

```
δ:= 1.
```

```
ab:= 1.500000000
```

```
δ:= 0.500000000
```

```
ff:= 0.494989973
```

$bb:= 1.500000000$   
 $ab:= 1.750000000$   
 $\delta := 0.250000000$   
 $ff:= 0.217971894$   
 $bb:= 1.750000000$   
 $ab:= 1.875000000$   
 $\delta := 0.125000000$   
 $ff:= 0.033171563$   
 $bb:= 1.875000000$   
 $ab:= 1.937500000$   
 $\delta := 0.06250000000$   
 $ff:= -0.070471438$   
 $aa:= 1.937500000$   
 $ab:= 1.906250000$   
 $\delta := 0.03125000000$   
 $ff:= -0.017727883$   
 $aa:= 1.906250000$   
 $ab:= 1.890625000$   
 $\delta := 0.01562500000$   
 $ff:= 0.007953596$   
 $bb:= 1.890625000$   
 $ab:= 1.898437500$   
 $\delta := 0.007812500000$   
 $ff:= -0.004829355$   
 $aa:= 1.898437500$   
 $ab:= 1.894531250$   
 $\delta := 0.003906250000$   
 $ff:= 0.001576586$   
 $bb:= 1.894531250$   
 $ab:= 1.896484375$   
 $\delta := 0.001953125000$   
 $ff:= -0.001622770$

$aa:= 1.896484375$   
 $ab:= 1.895507812$   
 $\delta := 0.0009765625000$   
 $ff:= -0.000022187$   
 $aa:= 1.895507812$   
 $ab:= 1.895019531$   
 $\delta := 0.0004882812500$   
 $ff:= 0.000777425$   
 $bb:= 1.895019531$   
 $ab:= 1.895263672$   
 $\delta := 0.0002441406250$   
 $ff:= 0.000377675$   
 $bb:= 1.895263672$   
 $ab:= 1.895385742$   
 $\delta := 0.0001220703125$   
 $ff:= 0.000177758$   
 $bb:= 1.895385742$   
 $ab:= 1.895446777$   
 $\delta := 0.00006103515625$   
 $ff:= 0.000077789$   
 $bb:= 1.895446777$   
 $ab:= 1.895477294$   
 $\delta := 0.00003051757812$   
 $ff:= 0.000027802$   
 $bb:= 1.895477294$   
 $ab:= 1.895492553$   
 $\delta := 0.00001525878906$   
 $ff:= 0.000002808$   
 $bb:= 1.895492553$   
 $ab:= 1.895500182$   
 $\delta := 0.000007629394530$   
 $ff:= -0.000009689$

```

aa:= 1.895500182
ab:= 1.895496368
δ:= 0.000003814697265
ff:= -0.000003441
aa:= 1.895496368
ab:= 1.895494460
δ:= 0.000001907348632
ff:= -3.16 10-7
aa:= 1.895494460
ab:= 1.895493506
δ:= 9.536743160 10-7
ff:= 0.000001247
<-- exit halving (now at top level) = 1.895493506}
1.895493506 (17.1.5)

```

```

> regulafalsi:=proc(a,b,f::procedure,eps,feps,N) local aa,bb,
ab,ff,fa,fb,delta,n;
  if f(a)<0 then aa:=a; bb:=b; else aa:=b; bb:=a; fi;
  fa:=f(aa); fb:=f(bb);
  if fa*fb>0 then error "bad interval" fi;
  delta:=abs(aa-bb);
  for n to N do
    ab:=aa-fa/(fb-fa)*(bb-aa);
    ff:=f(ab);
    if ff<0 then delta:=abs(aa-ab); aa:=ab; fa:=ff;
    else delta:=abs(ab-bb); bb:=ab; fb:=ff fi;
    if abs(ff)<feps and delta<eps then return ab fi;
  od;
  FAIL;
end;
regulafalsi:=proc(a,b,f::procedure,eps,feps,N) (17.1.6)
  local aa,bb,ab,ff,fa,fb,δ,n;
  if f(a) < 0 then
    aa:= a;
    bb:= b
  else
    aa:= b;
    bb:= a

```



```

end if;
fa:= f(aa);
fb:= f(bb);
if 0 < fa*fb then
    error "bad interval"
end if;
delta:= abs(aa - bb);
for n to N do
    ab:= aa - fa*(bb - aa) / (fb - fa);
    ff:= f(ab);
    if ff < 0 then
        delta:= abs(aa - ab);
        aa:= ab;
        fa:= ff
    else
        delta:= abs(ab - bb);
        bb:= ab;
        fb:= ff
    end if;
    if abs(ff) < feps and delta < eps then
        return ab
    end if
end do;
FAIL
end proc

```

```
> regulafalsi(-1,1,x->x^2,1,1,10);
```

```
Error, (in regulafalsi) bad interval
```

```
> regulafalsi(1.,2.,x->2*sin(x)-x,0.000001,100,7);
```

```
1.895494264
```

```
(17.1.7)
```

```
> secant:=proc(a,b,f::procedure,eps,feps,N) local aa,bb,ab,ff,
fa,fb,delta,n;
```

```
aa:=a; bb:=b;
```

```
fa:=f(aa); fb:=f(bb);
```

```
delta:=abs(aa-bb);
```

```
for n to N do
```

```

    ab:=aa-fa/(fb-fa)*(bb-aa);
    ff:=f(ab);
    aa:=bb; fa:=fb; bb:=ab; fb:=ff;
    delta:=abs(aa-bb);
    if abs(ff)<feps and delta<eps then return ab fi;
  od;
  FAIL;
end;
secant:=proc(a, b, f:procedure, eps, feps, N)

```

(17.1.8)

```

  local aa, bb, ab, ff, fa, fb,  $\delta$ , n;
  aa:=a;
  bb:=b;
  fa:=f(aa);
  fb:=f(bb);
   $\delta$ :=abs(aa-bb);
  for n to N do
    ab:=aa-fa*(bb-aa)/(fb-fa);
    ff:=f(ab);
    aa:=bb;
    fa:=fb;
    bb:=ab;
    fb:=ff;
     $\delta$ :=abs(aa-bb);
    if abs(ff) < feps and  $\delta$  < eps then
      return ab
    end if
  end do;
  FAIL
end proc

```

```

> secant(-1.,1.,x->x^2,10.,10.,10);
      FAIL

```

(17.1.9)

```

> debug(secant); secant(-1.,1.,x->x^2,10.,10.,2);
      secant
{--> enter secant, args = -1., 1., proc (x) options
operator, arrow; x^2 end proc, 10., 10., 2
      aa:=-1.

```

```

bb:= 1.
fa:= 1.
fb:= 1.
δ:= 2.
ab:=-Float(∞)
ff:= Float(∞)
aa:= 1.
fa:= 1.
bb:=-Float(∞)
fb:= Float(∞)
δ:= Float(∞)
ab:= Float(undefined)
ff:= Float(undefined)
aa:=-Float(∞)
fa:= Float(∞)
bb:= Float(undefined)
fb:= Float(undefined)
δ:= Float(undefined)

```

FAIL

```
<-- exit secant (now at top level) = FAIL}
```

FAIL

(17.1.10)

```

> secant(-1.,0.5,x->x^2,0.01,100.,10);
{--> enter secant, args = -1., .5, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; x^2 end proc, 0.1e-1, 100., 10

```

```
aa:= -1.
```

```
bb:= 0.5
```

```
fa:= 1.
```

```
fb:= 0.25
```

```
δ:= 1.5
```

```
ab:= 1.000000000
```

```
ff:= 1.000000000
```

```
aa:= 0.5
```

```
fa:= 0.25
```

$bb := 1.000000000$   
 $fb := 1.000000000$   
 $\delta := 0.500000000$   
 $ab := 0.3333333334$   
 $ff := 0.1111111112$   
 $aa := 1.000000000$   
 $fa := 1.000000000$   
 $bb := 0.3333333334$   
 $fb := 0.1111111112$   
 $\delta := 0.6666666666$   
 $ab := 0.2500000001$   
 $ff := 0.06250000005$   
 $aa := 0.3333333334$   
 $fa := 0.1111111112$   
 $bb := 0.2500000001$   
 $fb := 0.06250000005$   
 $\delta := 0.08333333333$   
 $ab := 0.1428571430$   
 $ff := 0.02040816331$   
 $aa := 0.2500000001$   
 $fa := 0.06250000005$   
 $bb := 0.1428571430$   
 $fb := 0.02040816331$   
 $\delta := 0.1071428571$   
 $ab := 0.0909090909$   
 $ff := 0.008264462808$   
 $aa := 0.1428571430$   
 $fa := 0.02040816331$   
 $bb := 0.0909090909$   
 $fb := 0.008264462808$   
 $\delta := 0.0519480521$   
 $ab := 0.05555555558$

```

ff:= 0.003086419756
aa:= 0.0909090909
fa:= 0.008264462808
bb:= 0.05555555558
fb:= 0.003086419756
δ:= 0.03535353532
ab:= 0.03448275864
ff:= 0.001189060643
aa:= 0.05555555558
fa:= 0.003086419756
bb:= 0.03448275864
fb:= 0.001189060643
δ:= 0.02107279694
ab:= 0.02127659577
ff:= 0.0004526935276
aa:= 0.03448275864
fa:= 0.001189060643
bb:= 0.02127659577
fb:= 0.0004526935276
δ:= 0.01320616287
ab:= 0.01315789474
ff:= 0.0001731301940
aa:= 0.02127659577
fa:= 0.0004526935276
bb:= 0.01315789474
fb:= 0.0001731301940
δ:= 0.00811870103

```

```

<-- exit secant (now at top level) = 0.1315789474e-1}
0.01315789474

```

(17.1.11)

```

> secant(1.,2.,x->2*sin(x)-x,0.000001,100,10);
{--> enter secant, args = 1., 2., proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, 0.1e-5, 100, 10
aa:= 1.
bb:= 2.

```

$fa := 0.682941970$   
 $fb := -0.181405146$   
 $\delta := 1.$   
 $ab := 1.790124659$   
 $ff := 0.161962955$   
 $aa := 2.$   
 $fa := -0.181405146$   
 $bb := 1.790124659$   
 $fb := 0.161962955$   
 $\delta := 0.209875341$   
 $ab := 1.889120548$   
 $ff := 0.010401910$   
 $aa := 1.790124659$   
 $fa := 0.161962955$   
 $bb := 1.889120548$   
 $fb := 0.010401910$   
 $\delta := 0.098995889$   
 $ab := 1.895914816$   
 $ff := -0.000689046$   
 $aa := 1.889120548$   
 $fa := 0.010401910$   
 $bb := 1.895914816$   
 $fb := -0.000689046$   
 $\delta := 0.006794268$   
 $ab := 1.895492710$   
 $ff := 0.000002550$   
 $aa := 1.895914816$   
 $fa := -0.000689046$   
 $bb := 1.895492710$   
 $fb := 0.000002550$   
 $\delta := 0.000422106$   
 $ab := 1.895494266$

```

      ff:= 2. 10-9
      aa:= 1.895492710
      fa:= 0.000002550
      bb:= 1.895494266
      fb:= 2. 10-9
      δ := 0.000001556
      ab:= 1.895494267
      ff:= 0.
      aa:= 1.895494266
      fa:= 2. 10-9
      bb:= 1.895494267
      fb:= 0.
      δ := 1. 10-9
<-- exit secant (now at top level) = 1.895494267}
      1.895494267
(17.1.12)
> debug(secant); secant(1.,2.,x->2*sin(x)-x,0.000001,100,6);
      secant
{--> enter secant, args = 1., 2., proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, 0.1e-5, 100, 6
      aa:= 1.
      bb:= 2.
      fa:= 0.682941970
      fb:= -.181405146
      δ := 1.
      ab:= 1.790124659
      ff:= 0.161962955
      aa:= 2.
      fa:= -.181405146
      bb:= 1.790124659
      fb:= 0.161962955
      δ := 0.209875341
      ab:= 1.889120548
      ff:= 0.010401910

```

$aa:= 1.790124659$   
 $fa:= 0.161962955$   
 $bb:= 1.889120548$   
 $fb:= 0.010401910$   
 $\delta:= 0.098995889$   
 $ab:= 1.895914816$   
 $ff:= -0.000689046$   
 $aa:= 1.889120548$   
 $fa:= 0.010401910$   
 $bb:= 1.895914816$   
 $fb:= -0.000689046$   
 $\delta:= 0.006794268$   
 $ab:= 1.895492710$   
 $ff:= 0.000002550$   
 $aa:= 1.895914816$   
 $fa:= -0.000689046$   
 $bb:= 1.895492710$   
 $fb:= 0.000002550$   
 $\delta:= 0.000422106$   
 $ab:= 1.895494266$   
 $ff:= 2 \cdot 10^{-9}$   
 $aa:= 1.895492710$   
 $fa:= 0.000002550$   
 $bb:= 1.895494266$   
 $fb:= 2 \cdot 10^{-9}$   
 $\delta:= 0.000001556$   
 $ab:= 1.895494267$   
 $ff:= 0.$   
 $aa:= 1.895494266$   
 $fa:= 2 \cdot 10^{-9}$   
 $bb:= 1.895494267$   
 $fb:= 0.$



```

                                 $\delta := 1.10^{-9}$ 
<-- exit secant (now at top level) = 1.895494267}
                                1.895494267

```

(17.1.13)

```

> Student[Calculus1][NewtonsMethodTutor](x-cos(x),0);
Error, (in Student:-Calculus1:-NewtonsMethodTutor) the
derivative is 0 after the 1st iteration
> Newton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, eps, feps, N) local
x, xx, delta, n;
x:=x0;
for n to N do
  xx:=x-evalf(f(x)/fp(x));
  delta:=abs(x-xx);
  if abs(f(xx))<feps and delta<eps then return xx fi;
  x:=xx;
od; FAIL; end;

```

```

Newton:= proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, eps, feps, N)

```

(17.1.14)

```

  local x, xx,  $\delta$ , n;
  x:= x0;
  for n to N do
    xx:= x - evalf(f(x) / fp(x));
     $\delta$  := abs(x - xx);
    if abs(f(xx)) < feps and  $\delta$  < eps then
      return xx
    end if;
    x:= xx
  end do;
  FAIL
end proc

```

```

> Newton(1., x->2*sin(x)-x, x->2*cos(x)-1, 0.000001, 100, 6);
                                FAIL

```

(17.1.15)

```

> debug(Newton); Newton(1., x->2*sin(x)-x, x->2*cos(x)-1,
0.000001, 100, 6);

```

*Newton*

```

{--> enter Newton, args = 1., proc (x) options operator,
arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, proc (x) options operator,
arrow; 2*cos(x)-1 end proc, 0.1e-5, 100, 6
x:= 1.

```

$xx := -7.472740617$

```
δ := 8.472740617
x := -7.472740617
xx := 14.47852462
δ := 21.95126524
x := 14.47852462
xx := 6.935146381
δ := 7.543378239
x := 6.935146381
xx := 16.63630229
δ := 9.701155909
x := 16.63630229
xx := 8.340204744
δ := 8.296097546
x := 8.340204744
xx := 4.943086934
δ := 3.397117810
x := 4.943086934
```

*FAIL*

```
<-- exit Newton (now at top level) = FAIL}
```

*FAIL*

(17.1.16)

```
> Newton(1.5,x->2*sin(x)-x,x->2*cos(x)-1,0.000001,100,6);
```

```
{--> enter Newton, args = 1.5, proc (x) options operator,  
arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, proc (x) options operator,  
arrow; 2*cos(x)-1 end proc, 0.1e-5, 100, 6
```

```
x := 1.5
```

```
xx := 2.076558200
```

```
δ := 0.576558200
```

```
x := 2.076558200
```

```
xx := 1.910506616
```

```
δ := 0.166051584
```

```
x := 1.910506616
```

```
xx := 1.895622003
```

```
δ := 0.014884613
```

```
x := 1.895622003
```

```

xx:= 1.895494276
δ := 0.000127727
x:= 1.895494276
xx:= 1.895494267
δ := 9.10-9
<-- exit Newton (now at top level) = 1.895494267}
1.895494267 (17.1.17)

```

```

> modNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, q, eps, feps, N) local x, xx,
delta, n;
x:=x0;
for n to N do
xx:=x-evalf(f(x)/q);
delta:=abs(x-xx);
if abs(f(xx))<feps and delta<eps then return xx fi;
x:=xx;
od; FAIL; end;
modNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, q, eps, feps, N) (17.1.18)

```

```

local x, xx, δ, n;
x:= x0;
for n to N do
xx:= x - evalf(f(x) / q);
δ := abs(x - xx);
if abs(f(xx)) < feps and δ < eps then
return xx
end if;
x:= xx
end do;
FAIL
end proc

```

```

> modNewton(2., x->2*sin(x)-x, 2*cos(2.)-1, 0.000001, 100, 10);
1.895494338 (17.1.19)

```

```

> debug(modNewton); modNewton(1.5, x->2*sin(x)-x, 2*cos(1.5)-1,
0.000001, 100, 10);
modNewton

```

```

{--> enter modNewton, args = 1.5, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 2*sin(x)-x end proc, -.8585255967, 0.1e
-5, 100, 10

```

x:= 1.5  
xx:= 2.076558200  
δ:= 0.576558200  
x:= 2.076558200  
xx:= 1.695734425  
δ:= 0.380823775  
x:= 1.695734425  
xx:= 2.031981058  
δ:= 0.336246633  
x:= 2.031981058  
xx:= 1.751349659  
δ:= 0.280631399  
x:= 1.751349659  
xx:= 2.003106043  
δ:= 0.251756384  
x:= 2.003106043  
xx:= 1.785168338  
δ:= 0.217937705  
x:= 1.785168338  
xx:= 1.982078046  
δ:= 0.196909708  
x:= 1.982078046  
xx:= 1.808688088  
δ:= 0.173389958  
x:= 1.808688088  
xx:= 1.965917892  
δ:= 0.157229804  
x:= 1.965917892  
xx:= 1.826122019  
δ:= 0.139795873  
x:= 1.826122019

*FAIL*

```
<-- exit modNewton (now at top level) = FAIL}
                                FAIL
(17.1.20)
>
```

## ▼ \*17.27. Egy példa: a konvergencia rendje.

```
> quasiNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, alpha, eps,
  feps, N) local x, xx, delta, n;
  x:=x0;
  for n to N do
    xx:=x-alpha*evalf(f(x)/fp(x));
    delta:=abs(x-xx);
    if abs(f(xx))<feps and delta<eps then return xx fi;
    x:=xx;
  od; FAIL; end;
quasiNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, alpha, eps, feps, N)
  (17.2.1)
  local x, xx, delta, n;
  x:=x0;
  for n to N do
    xx:=x-alpha*evalf(f(x)/fp(x));
    delta:=abs(x-xx);
    if abs(f(xx)) < feps and delta < eps then
      return xx
    end if;
    x:=xx
  end do;
  FAIL
end proc

> debug(quasiNewton);
quasiNewton(1, x->sin(x)^4, x->4*sin(x)^3*cos(x), 1., 0.000001,
100, 10);
                                quasiNewton
{--> enter quasiNewton, args = 1, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; sin(x)^4 end proc, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 4*sin(x)^3*cos(x) end proc, 1., 0.1e-5,
100, 10
                                x:= 1
                                xx:= 0.6106480688
                                delta:= 0.3893519312
```

```
x:= 0.6106480688
xx:= 0.4356770834
δ:= 0.1749709854
x:= 0.4356770834
xx:= 0.3192995341
δ:= 0.1163775493
x:= 0.3192995341
xx:= 0.2366464853
δ:= 0.0826530488
x:= 0.2366464853
xx:= 0.1763551704
δ:= 0.0602913149
x:= 0.1763551704
xx:= 0.1318035485
δ:= 0.0445516219
x:= 0.1318035485
xx:= 0.09866051655
δ:= 0.03314303195
x:= 0.09866051655
xx:= 0.07391504530
δ:= 0.02474547125
x:= 0.07391504530
xx:= 0.05540255777
δ:= 0.01851248753
x:= 0.05540255777
xx:= 0.04153772965
δ:= 0.01386482812
x:= 0.04153772965
```

*FAIL*

```
<-- exit quasiNewton (now at top level) = FAIL}
```

*FAIL*

(17.2.2)

```
> quasiNewton(1,x->sin(x)^4,x->4*sin(x)^3*cos(x),4.,0.000001,  
100,10);
```

```
{--> enter quasiNewton, args = 1, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; sin(x)^4 end proc, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; 4*sin(x)^3*cos(x) end proc, 4., 0.1e-5,
100, 10
```

```

x:= 1
xx:= -.557407725
δ:= 1.557407725
x:= -.557407725
xx:= 0.0659364522
δ:= 0.6233441772
x:= 0.0659364522
xx:= -0.00009572196
δ:= 0.06603217416
x:= -0.00009572196
xx:= 2.8 10-13
δ:= 0.00009572196028
x:= 2.8 10-13
xx:= 0.
δ:= 2.8 10-13
<-- exit quasiNewton (now at top level) = 0.}
0. (17.2.3)
```

```
> adaptiveNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, eps, feps,
N)
local x,xx,xxx,alpha,delta,q,n,m;
x:=x0; alpha:=1.;
for n to N do
xx:=x-alpha*evalf(f(x)/fp(x));
xxx:=xx-alpha*evalf(f(xx)/fp(xx));
delta:=abs(xxx-xx);
q:=(xxx-xx)/(xx-x);
m:=alpha/(1-q); alpha:=m;
if abs(f(xxx))<feps and delta<eps then return xxx,alpha fi;
x:=xxx;
od; FAIL; end;
adaptiveNewton:=proc(x0, f::procedure, fp::procedure, eps, feps, N) (17.2.4)
local x, xx, xxx, α, δ, q, n, m;
x:= x0;
α:= 1.;
```

**for** *n* **to** *N* **do**

$xx := x - \alpha * \text{eval}f(f(x) / fp(x));$

$xxx := xx - \alpha * \text{eval}f(f(xx) / fp(xx));$

$\delta := \text{abs}(xxx - xx);$

$q := (xxx - xx) / (xx - x);$

$m := \alpha / (1 - q);$

$\alpha := m;$

**if**  $\text{abs}(f(xxx)) < feps$  **and**  $\delta < eps$  **then**

**return** *xxx*,  $\alpha$

**end if;**

$x := xxx$

**end do;**

*FAIL*

**end proc**

> **adaptiveNewton(1., x->sin(x)^4, x->4\*sin(x)^3\*cos(x), 0.000001, 100, 10);**

1.714 10<sup>-20</sup>, 4.000000000 (17.2.5)

> **debug(adaptiveNewton);**  
**adaptiveNewton(1., x->sin(x)^4, x->4\*sin(x)^3\*cos(x), 0.000001, 100, 10);**

*adaptiveNewton*

{--> enter adaptiveNewton, args = 1., proc (x) options  
operator, arrow; sin(x)^4 end proc, proc (x) options  
operator, arrow; 4\*sin(x)^3\*cos(x) end proc, 0.1e-5, 100,  
10

$x := 1.$

$\alpha := 1.$

$xx := 0.6106480687$

$xxx := 0.4356770833$

$\delta := 0.1749709854$

$q := 0.4493903108$

$m := 1.816168548$

$\alpha := 1.816168548$

$x := 0.4356770833$

$xx := 0.2243158386$



```

xxx:= 0.1207236359
  δ:= 0.1035922027
  q:= 0.4901191931
  m:= 3.561947270
  α:= 3.561947270
  x:= 0.1207236359
  xx:= 0.0126955112
xxx:= 0.00138971842
  δ:= 0.01130579278
  q:= 0.1046560126
  m:= 3.978300318
  α:= 3.978300318
  x:= 0.00138971842
  xx:= 0.000007538222
  xxx:= 4.0894255 10-8
δ:= 0.000007497327745
  q:= 0.005424276629
  m:= 3.999997410
  α:= 3.999997410
  x:= 4.0894255 10-8
  xx:= 2.648 10-14
  xxx:= 1.714 10-20
δ:= 2.647998286 10-14
  q:= 6.475237171 10-7
  m:= 4.000000000
  α:= 4.000000000
<-- exit adaptiveNewton (now at top level) = 0.1714e-19,
4.000000000}
1.714 10-20, 4.000000000 (17.2.6)

```

► **\*17.28. Feladat.**

► **\*17.29. Feladat.**

▶ \*17.30. Feladat.

▶ \*17.31. Feladat.

▶ \*Feladat.

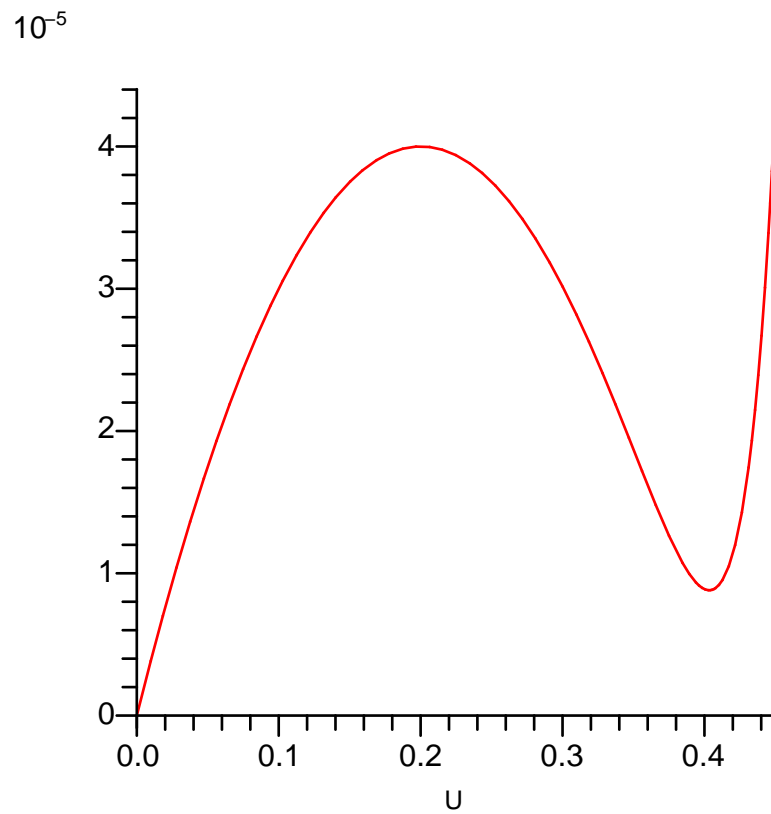
▶ \*Feladat.

▼ \*Feladat.

```
> alpha:=1.*10^(-12); beta:=0.025; Gamma:=0.4; mu:=0.001; T:=  
.4; R:=3333.; e:=evalf(exp(1.));  
      alpha:= 1.000000000 10-12  
      beta:= 0.025  
      Gamma:= 0.4  
      mu:= 0.001  
      T:= 0.4  
      R:= 3333.  
      e:= 2.718281828 (17.9.1)
```

```
> i:=alpha*(e^(U/beta)-1)-mu*U*(U-Gamma);  
i:= 1.000000000 10-12 2.71828182840.00000000 U - 1.000000000 10-12 (17.9.2)  
- 0.001 U(U-0.4)
```

```
> plot(i,U=0.0..0.45);
```

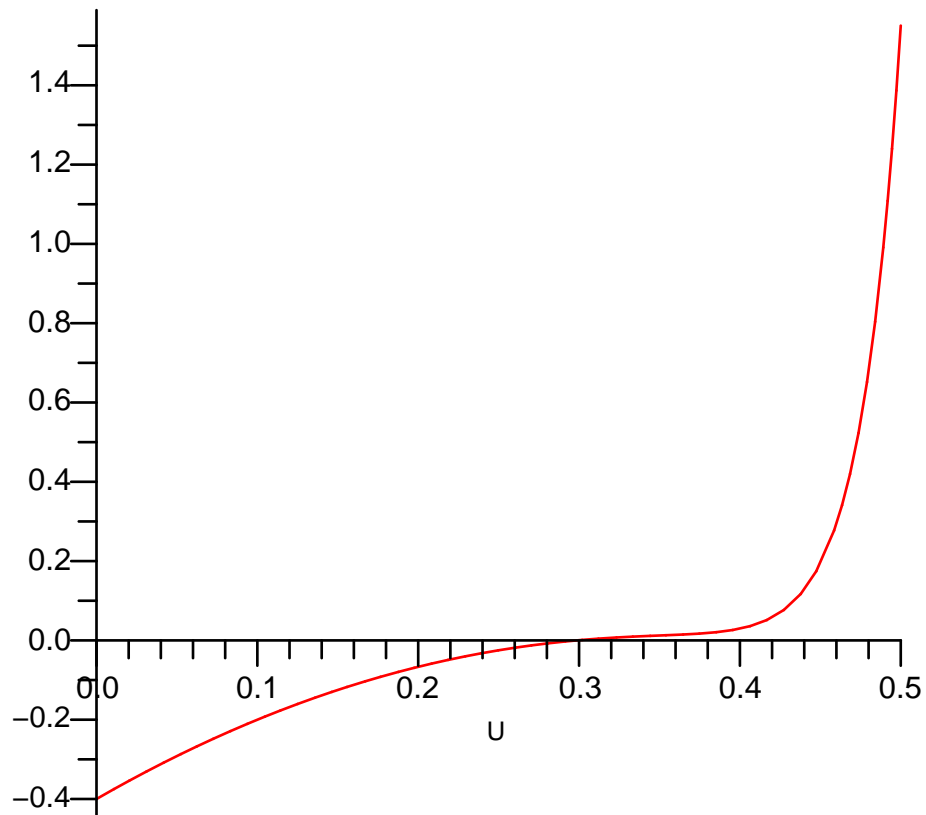


```
> f:=i*R+U-T;
```

```
f:= 3.333000000 10-9 2.71828182840.00000000 U - 0.4000000033  
- 3.333 U(U-0.4) + U
```

(17.9.3)

```
> plot(f,U=0..0.5);
```



```

> halving(0.2,0.4,x->subs(U=x,f),0.0001,1,30);
{--> enter halving, args = .2, .4, proc (x) options
operator, arrow; subs(U = x, f) end proc, 0.1e-3, 1, 30
aa:= 0.2
bb:= 0.4
δ:= 0.2
ab:= 0.3000000000
δ:= 0.1000000000
ff:= 0.0005324584
bb:= 0.3000000000
ab:= 0.2500000000
δ:= 0.0500000000
ff:= -0.0249390891
aa:= 0.2500000000

```

$ab := 0.2750000000$   
 $\delta := 0.02500000000$   
 $ff := -0.0102285678$   
 $aa := 0.2750000000$   
 $ab := 0.2875000000$   
 $\delta := 0.01250000000$   
 $ff := -0.0043692648$   
 $aa := 0.2875000000$   
 $ab := 0.2937500000$   
 $\delta := 0.006250000000$   
 $ff := -0.0018014790$   
 $aa := 0.2937500000$   
 $ab := 0.2968750000$   
 $\delta := 0.003125000000$   
 $ff := -0.0006057063$   
 $aa := 0.2968750000$   
 $ab := 0.2984375000$   
 $\delta := 0.001562500000$   
 $ff := -0.0000294824$   
 $aa := 0.2984375000$   
 $ab := 0.2992187500$   
 $\delta := 0.0007812500000$   
 $ff := 0.0002532656$   
 $bb := 0.2992187500$   
 $ab := 0.2988281250$   
 $\delta := 0.0003906250000$   
 $ff := 0.0001123370$   
 $bb := 0.2988281250$   
 $ab := 0.2986328125$   
 $\delta := 0.0001953125000$   
 $ff := 0.0000415387$   
 $bb := 0.2986328125$

```

ab:= 0.2985351562
δ:= 0.00009765625000
ff:= 0.0000060560
<-- exit halving (now at top level) = .2985351562}
                                0.2985351562

```

(17.9.4)

```

> T:=0.6; R:=12000.;
                                T:= 0.6
                                R:= 12000.

```

(17.9.5)

```

> f:=i*R+U-T;
f:= 1.200000000 10-8 2.71828182840.00000000 U - 0.6000000120
   - 12.000 U(U-0.4) + U

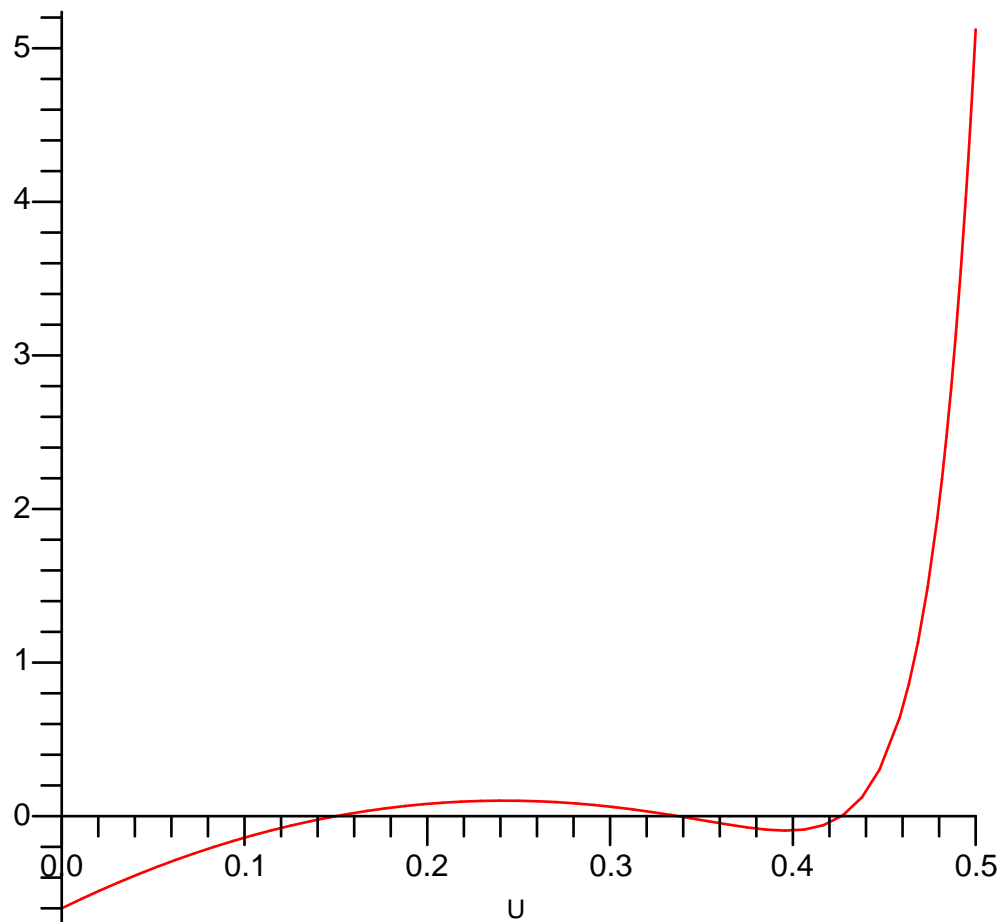
```

(17.9.6)

```

> plot(f,U=0..0.5);

```



```

> ff:=x->subs(U=x,f);
ff:= x->subs(U=x,f)

```

(17.9.7)

```
> halving(0.2,0.4,ff,0.0001,1,30);
{--> enter halving, args = .2, .4, ff, 0.1e-3, 1, 30
      aa:= 0.4
      bb:= 0.2
      δ:= 0.2
      ab:= 0.3000000000
      δ:= 0.1000000000
      ff:= 0.0619530455
      bb:= 0.3000000000
      ab:= 0.3500000000
      δ:= 0.0500000000
      ff:= -0.0255687606
      aa:= 0.3500000000
      ab:= 0.3250000000
      δ:= 0.0250000000
      ff:= 0.0228089487
      bb:= 0.3250000000
      ab:= 0.3375000000
      δ:= 0.0125000000
      ff:= -0.0006220156
      aa:= 0.3375000000
      ab:= 0.3312500000
      δ:= 0.006250000000
      ff:= 0.0113480785
      bb:= 0.3312500000
      ab:= 0.3343750000
      δ:= 0.003125000000
      ff:= 0.0054197928
      bb:= 0.3343750000
      ab:= 0.3359375000
      δ:= 0.001562500000
      ff:= 0.0024121203
      bb:= 0.3359375000
```

```

    ab:= 0.3367187500
    δ:= 0.0007812500000
    ff:= 0.0008982338
    bb:= 0.3367187500
    ab:= 0.3371093750
    δ:= 0.0003906250000
    ff:= 0.0001388883
    bb:= 0.3371093750
    ab:= 0.3373046875
    δ:= 0.0001953125000
    ff:= -0.0002413709
    aa:= 0.3373046875
    ab:= 0.3372070312
    δ:= 0.00009765625000
    ff:= -0.0000511928
<-- exit halving (now at top level) = .3372070312}
                                0.3372070312
                                (17.9.8)
> halving(0.1,0.2,ff,0.0001,1,30);
{--> enter halving, args = .1, .2, ff, 0.1e-3, 1, 30
    aa:= 0.1
    bb:= 0.2
    δ:= 0.1
    ab:= 0.1500000000
    δ:= 0.05000000000
    ff:= 0.0000048291
    bb:= 0.1500000000
    ab:= 0.1250000000
    δ:= 0.02500000000
    ff:= -0.0624982310
    aa:= 0.1250000000
    ab:= 0.1375000000
    δ:= 0.01250000000
    ff:= -0.0293720757

```



```
aa:= 0.1375000000
ab:= 0.1437500000
δ:= 0.006250000000
ff:= -0.0142149917
aa:= 0.1437500000
ab:= 0.1468750000
δ:= 0.003125000000
ff:= -0.0069879271
aa:= 0.1468750000
ab:= 0.1484375000
δ:= 0.001562500000
ff:= -0.0034622611
aa:= 0.1484375000
ab:= 0.1492187500
δ:= 0.0007812500000
ff:= -0.0017213940
aa:= 0.1492187500
ab:= 0.1496093750
δ:= 0.0003906250000
ff:= -0.0008564520
aa:= 0.1496093750
ab:= 0.1498046875
δ:= 0.0001953125000
ff:= -0.0004253538
aa:= 0.1498046875
ab:= 0.1499023438
δ:= 0.00009765625000
ff:= -0.0002101478
```

```
<-- exit halving (now at top level) = .1499023438}
                                0.1499023438
```

(17.9.9)

```
> halving(0.4,0.5,ff,0.0001,1,30);
{--> enter halving, args = .4, .5, ff, 0.1e-3, 1, 30
aa:= 0.4
```

$bb := 0.5$

$\delta := 0.1$

$ab := 0.4500000000$

$\delta := 0.0500000000$

$ff := 0.3679196153$

$bb := 0.4500000000$

$ab := 0.4250000000$

$\delta := 0.0250000000$

$ff := -0.0126405798$

$aa := 0.4250000000$

$ab := 0.4375000000$

$\delta := 0.0125000000$

$ff := 0.1185223994$

$bb := 0.4375000000$

$ab := 0.4312500000$

$\delta := 0.006250000000$

$ff := 0.0417181162$

$bb := 0.4312500000$

$ab := 0.4281250000$

$\delta := 0.003125000000$

$ff := 0.0120865678$

$bb := 0.4281250000$

$ab := 0.4265625000$

$\delta := 0.001562500000$

$ff := -0.0008505494$

$aa := 0.4265625000$

$ab := 0.4273437500$

$\delta := 0.0007812500000$

$ff := 0.0054698773$

$bb := 0.4273437500$

$ab := 0.4269531250$

$\delta := 0.0003906250000$

```
ff:= 0.0022732358
bb:= 0.4269531250
ab:= 0.4267578125
δ:= 0.0001953125000
ff:= 0.0007023107
bb:= 0.4267578125
ab:= 0.4266601562
δ:= 0.00009765625000
ff:= -0.0000763680
<-- exit halving (now at top level) = .4266601562}
0.4266601562
```

(17.9.10)

▶ **\*17.32. A legkisebb négyzetek módszere.**

▶ **\*17.33. Simítás.**

▶ **\*17.34. Feladat.**

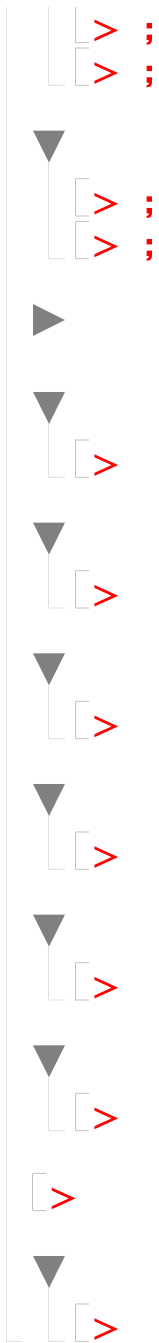
▶ **\*17.35. Feladat.**

▶ **\*17.36. Feladat.**



[ > ;





► **18. Fourier-transzformáció**

**VI. Variációszámítás**

► **19. Az Euler-Lagrange-egyenletek**

**VII. Közönséges differenciálegyenletek**

- ▶ 20. Alapfogalmak
- ▶ 21. Elemi megoldási módszerek
- ▶ 22. Általános eredmények
- ▶ 23. Lineáris egyenletek
- ▶ 24. Stabilitás

## VIII. Parciális differenciálegyenletek

- ▶ 25. Alapfogalmak
- ▼ 26. Disztribúciók
- ▶ 27. Cauchy-feladatok
- ▶ 28. Peremérték problémák
- ▶ 29. Vegyes feladatok